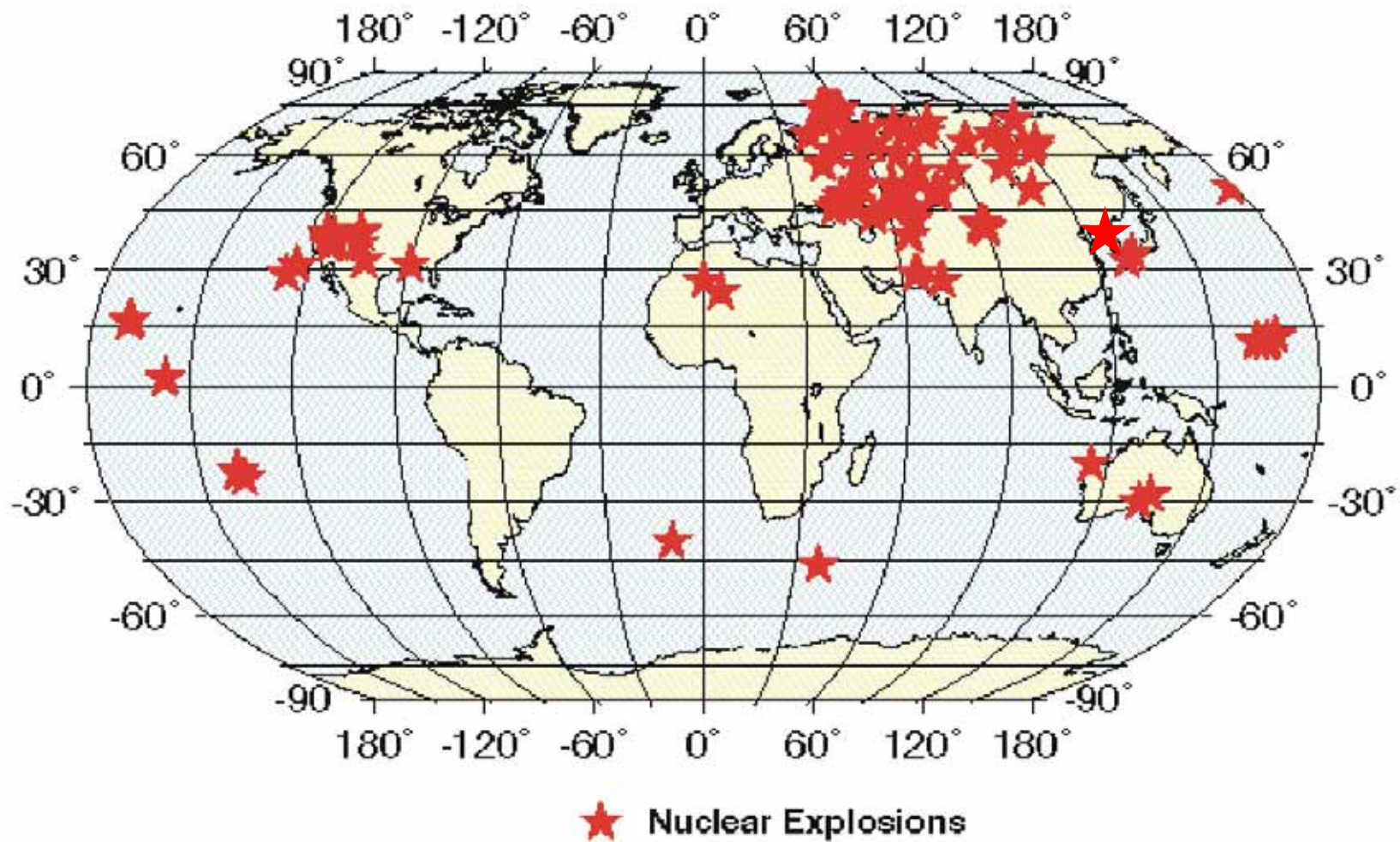


# Guidance of the training course “Global Seismological Observation”

Jan. 8, 2010

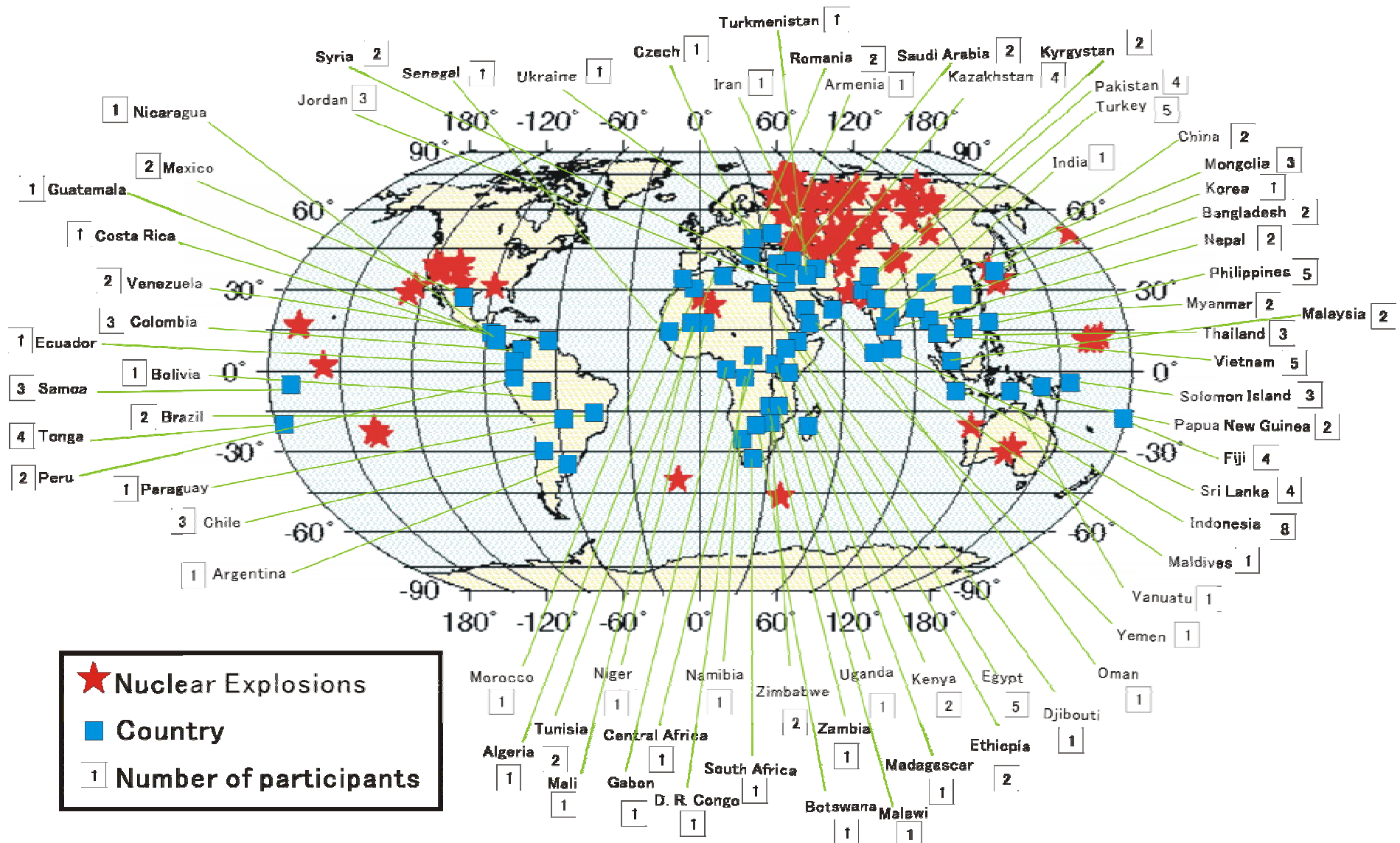
Tatsuhiko Hara

Location of nuclear tests  
and  
Countries of participants



(The original figure: courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu. Modified by the lecturer)

# World Map with Participants of Global Seismological Observation Course (As of 2009)



(The original figure: courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu. Modified by the lecturer)

# Course Objective

- Nurture of personnel who have acquired knowledge and advanced techniques of global seismological observation and are able to play important roles in the monitoring system for nuclear tests

# Course Outputs

- Acquiring knowledge of the CTBT regime and the role of seismology in the International Monitoring System (IMS)
- Understanding global seismological observation technologies for monitoring nuclear tests and earthquakes
- Acquiring data analytical techniques to discriminate nuclear tests from natural earthquakes
- Making the Action Plan

Objective:

**Nurture of personnel who have acquired knowledge and advanced techniques of global seismological observation and are able to play important roles in the monitoring system for nuclear tests**

Outputs:

**Global seismological observation technologies for monitoring nuclear tests and earthquakes**

**Analytical techniques to discriminate nuclear tests from earthquakes**

**Knowledge of the CTBT regime and IMS**

**Action Plan**

Main subjects:

Seismic instrumentation and observation

General techniques

Techniques for discrimination

CTBT regime and IMS concerning Seismology

Study trip Observation

Contents:

Seismometer,  
Noise Survey,  
Seismic network,  
Design of seismic network,  
AutoDRM,  
NDC

Data processing,  
Analysis of teleseismic waves,  
Seismicity and tectonics,  
Source mechanism,  
Hypocenter location,  
Seismic array,  
GEOTOOL

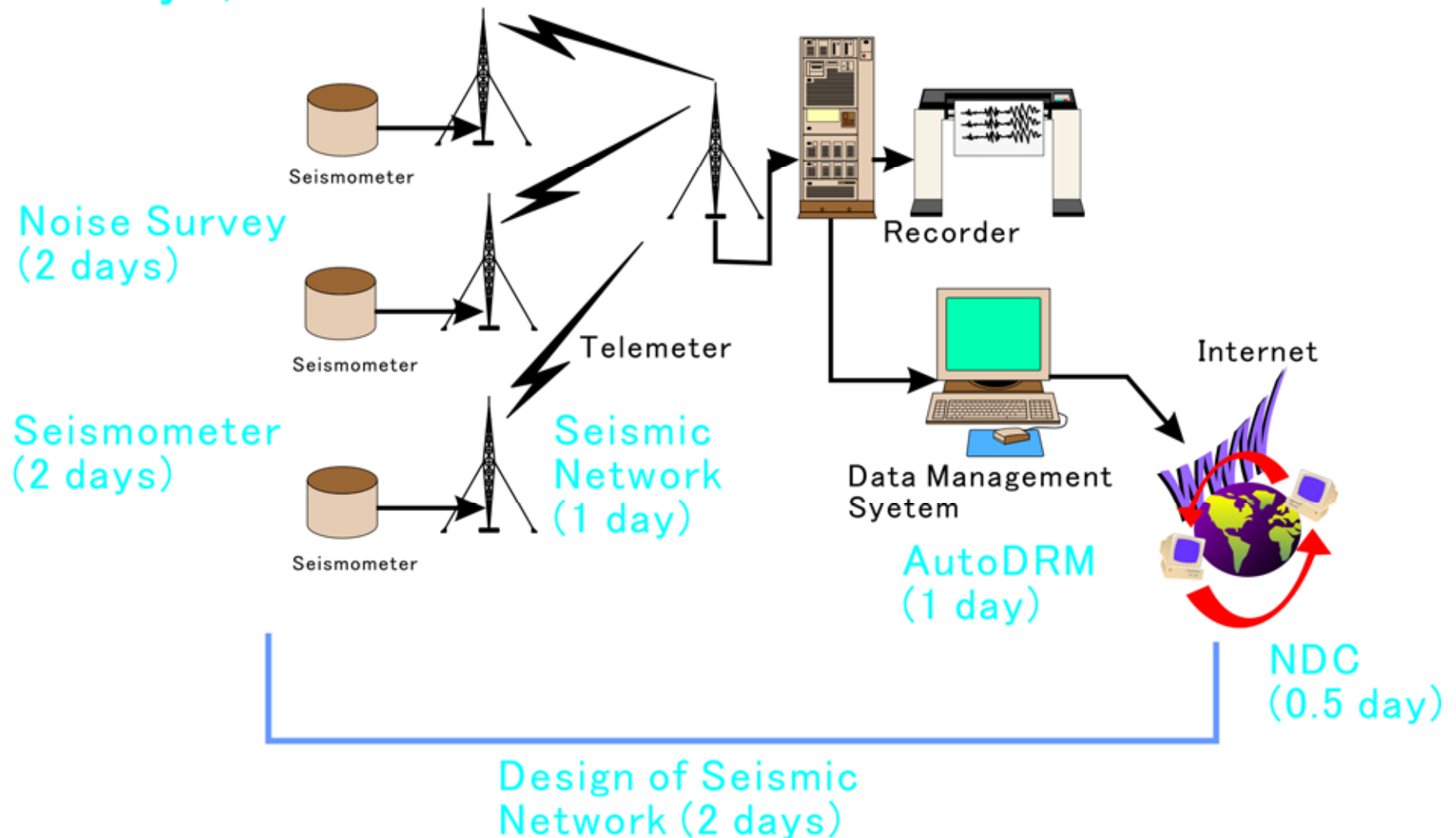
Discrimination by mb-Ms,  
Discrimination by short-period seismograms,  
General discrimination techniques,

Introduction of CTBT regime,  
Characteristics and Progress  
Status of the IMS of the CTBTO,

Observation of JMA and NDC,  
Study trip to Kansai,  
Study trip to Matsushiro

(The original figure: courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu. Modified by the lecturer)

# Lectures and Practice on Seismic Instrumentation and Observation (8.5 days)



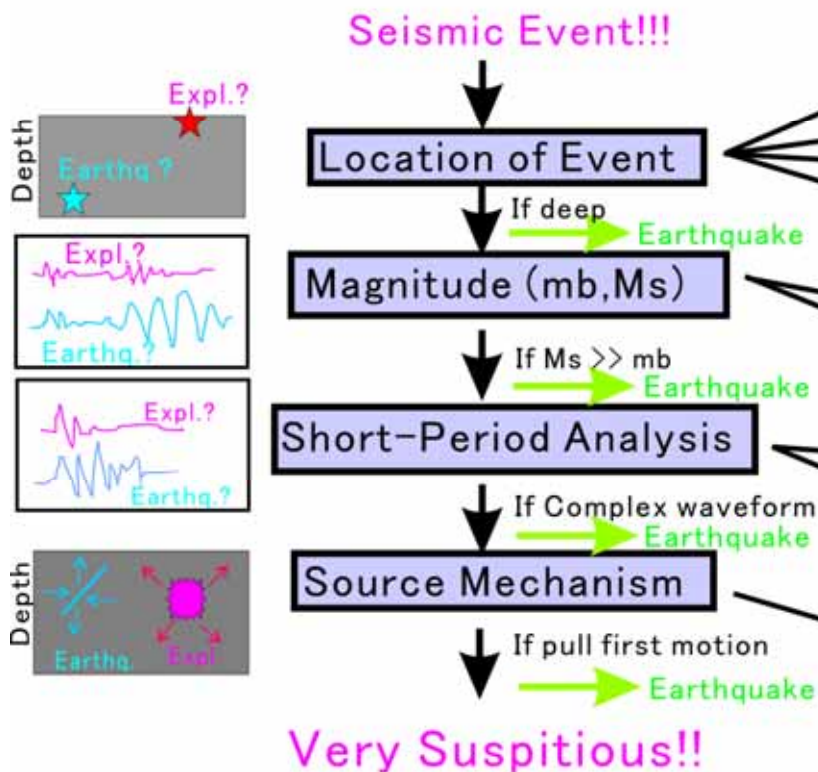
(Courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu)



# Lectures and Practice on Analysis of Seismic Data

Lecture and Practice(19 days)

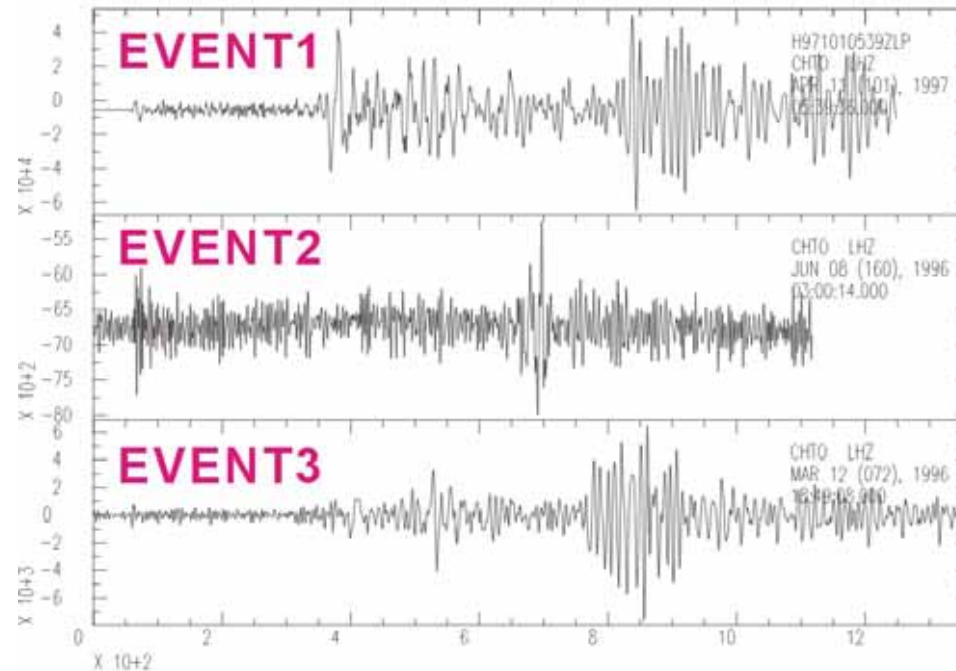
Screening Process  
for Discrimination of Nuclear Tests



- Installation of UNIX and SAC (1 day)
- Retrieval of Digital Seismic Data (1 day)
- Reading Teleseismic Records (1 day)
- Hypocenter Location (3 days)
- Processing Array Data (3 days)
- Seismicity and Tectonics (1 day)
- Digital Filter (1 day)
- Discrimination by mb-Ms (1 day)
- Spectral Analysis (1 day)
- Discrimination by Short-Period Data (1 day)
- Source Mechanism (3 days)
- General Discrimination Drill (3 days)

(Courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu)

## Drill of General Discrimination Technique (3 days)



Determination of focal depth, magnitude(mb & Ms), and waveform complexity factor

Participants are requested to distinguish a nuclear explosion from earthquakes.

(Courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu)

# Presentations by participants

- Inception report
- Design of Seismic Network
- Action Plan

# Observation Trip (5 days)

Kansai region (3 days)

Matsushiro (2 days)



**Access our home page for further information**

**WWW address: <http://iisee.kenken.go.jp/>**

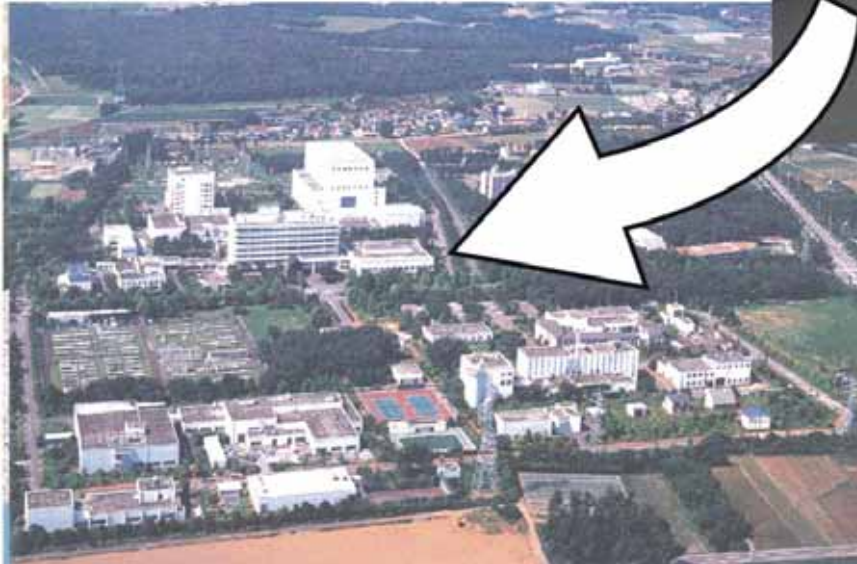


# APPENDIX

Application to training course and  
Training facilities

# Training Facilities

**Building Research Institute**



**International Institute of  
Seismology and Earthquake  
Engineering(IISEE)**

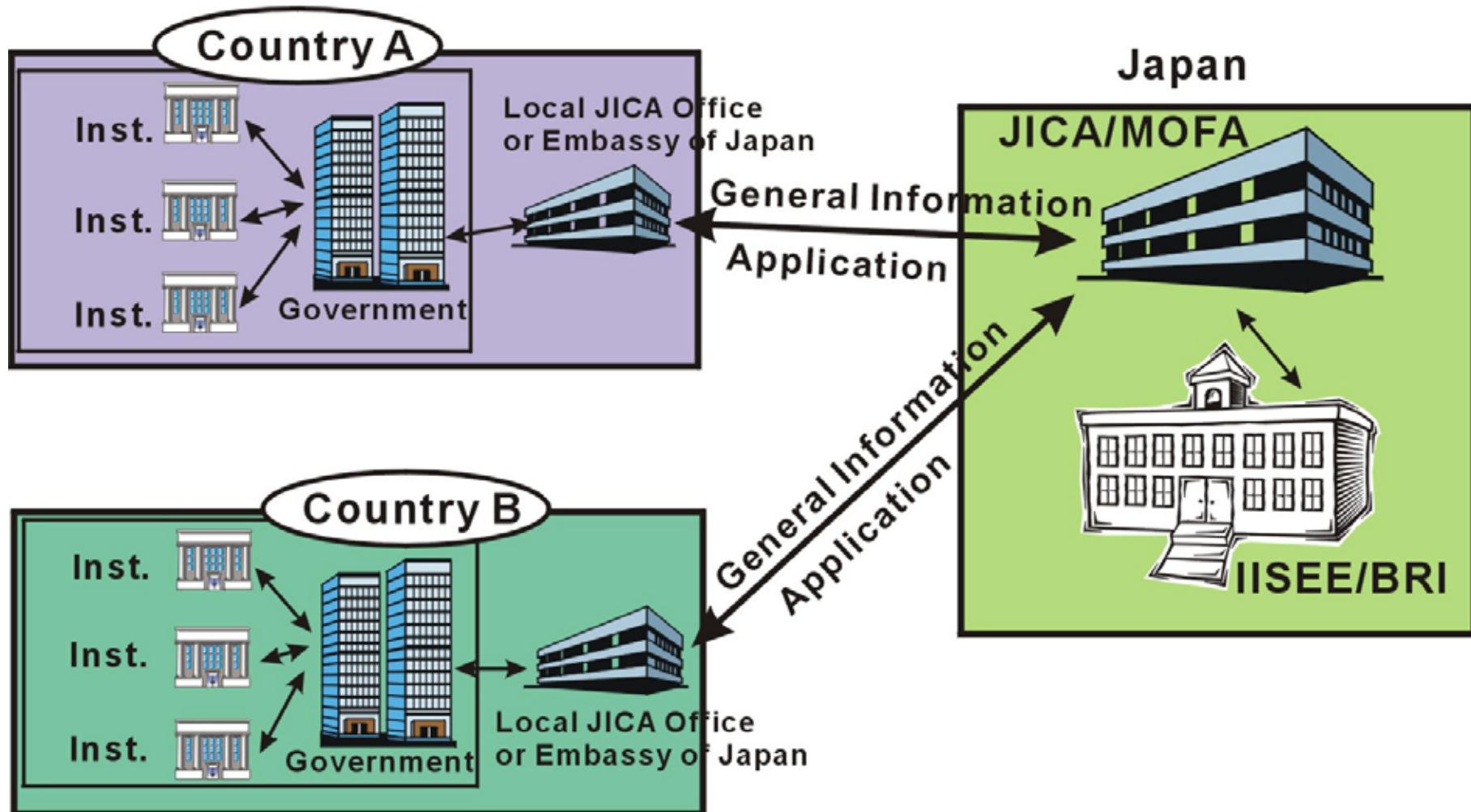
(Courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu)

# Training facilities

- Lectures and practices of data analyses are given in a class room.
- Practices on seismic observations are given in our seismological observation laboratory.



# Application to Training Courses



(Courtesy of Daisuke Suetsugu)